



The 65th ASH Annual Meeting Abstracts

ORAL ABSTRACTS

721.ALLOGENEIC TRANSPLANTATION: CONDITIONING REGIMENS, ENGRAFTMENT AND ACUTE TOXICITIES

Addition of Inotuzumab Ozogamicin to the Conditioning Regimen of Allogeneic Stem Cell Transplantation (allo-SCT) for Relapsed CD22 (+) Lymphoid Malignancies: Long-Term Survival Results

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Background: Inotuzumab ozogamicin (InO) is a humanized antibody-drug conjugate that targets CD22+ B-cells. InO demonstrated antitumor activity and manageable toxicity in phase 1/2 trials for the treatment of B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL) as a single agent and in combination with rituximab. In order to improve outcomes in patients with relapsed CD22 (+) NHL, or chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) who failed targeted therapies and were candidates for allo-SCT, we prospectively studied the addition of InO to our standard chemo-conditioning of BFR (bendamustine, fludarabine and rituximab-Khoury Blood 2014). Herein we report long-term survival outcomes. **Methods:** InO was infused intravenously (iv) on day -13 outpatient, with a dose cohort of 0.6, 1.2 or 1.8 mg/m². Bendamustine 130 mg/m² iv daily on days -5 to -3 together with 30 mg/m² iv of fludarabine on days -5 to -3 were given prior to transplantation. Rituximab was given at a dose of 375 mg/m² iv on days -6, +1, and +8. Tacrolimus and mini-methotrexate were used for graft versus host disease (GVHD) prophylaxis. **Results:** The study included 26 patients. Median age was 59 (range, 26-70) years. Disease types: **CLL** [n=11 (27%); 64% with TP53 mutations (either alone, or with other mutations such as *BTK*, *CDH2*, *ZMYM3*); 22% with complex cytogenetics; 75% with unmutated IGHV; mantle cell lymphoma (**MCL**) [n=8 (31%); 83% had Ki 67 >30%; 25% TP53 mutation; and 25% blastoid histology]; **Follicular** lymphoma (n=5, 19%), and diffuse large b cell (**DLBCL**) [n= 2; (8%)]. Median # prior treatments was 2.5 (range, 1-6). Patients with CLL/MCL were previously treated with ibrutinib (n=10), venetoclax (n=5), idelalisib (n=2), nivolumab (n=1) and CAR T (n=1). At study entry, 18 (69%) patients were in CR, 7 (27%) in PR, and 1 (4%) had SD. Eleven (42%) received their transplants from matched sibling donors (MSDs) and 15 (58%) from matched unrelated donors (MUDs). The number of patients who received the 0.6, 1.2 or 1.8 mg/m² of InO were 4, 2 and 20 patients, respectively. No DLT was observed. Forty-two percent of patients never experienced severe neutropenia and 77% never experienced platelet counts < 20K x 10⁹/L. Only 1 patient developed veno-occlusive disease, confounded by the simultaneous manifestation of hyper-acute GVHD related to prior nivolumab pre-alloSCT. Treatment-related mortality (TRM) at 2-years was 12%. With a median follow-up of 48.7 months (range, 3.6-82.8), the 5-year overall survival (OS) and progression-free survival rates (PFS) were 84% and 80%, respectively. Seven of 8 (87.5%) patients with PR/SD at study entry converted to CR after allo-SCT. There was no significant difference in OS or PFS by histology subtype. Patients who received a transplant from MSDs had OS and PFS rates of 100% v 79% (P = .060) and 64% (P = .032) for those who received MUDs, respectively (Figure 1). We compared results of this trial to a group of patients (n=56) with relapsed lymphoid malignancies who received allo-SCT at our center in a preceding prospective trial using BFR conditioning without InO and the same GVHD prophylaxis (clinicaltrials.gov #NCT00880815) which was previously published. There was no statistically significant difference in patients, disease (including histology, disease status pre-transplant) or transplant characteristics between the 2 groups. We found no statistically significant differences in engraftment times, incidence and grades of liver toxicity, TRM, risk of acute grade II-IV or III-IV GVHD. However, the study group containing InO had a higher incidence of extensive chronic GVHD (mainly *de novo*) than the control group (50% vs 25%, P = .019), respectively. There was a trend in patients with NHL to have a better 5-year OS (93% vs 68%) and 5-year PFS (93% vs 58%, Figure 2) in the

study group vs the control groups. We did not observe such a trend in patients with CLL (5-year PFS 62% vs 59%): this could be related to small #patients, level of expression of CD22, more adverse mutations in the study group.

Conclusions: Our results show that InO is safe when combined with an allo-SCT conditioning regimen and may improve survival outcomes in patients with CD22 (+) NHL. This needs to be validated in a larger number of patients. An ongoing trial at our center involves fractionating InO dose pre-and post-allo-SCT in patients with lymphoma or acute lymphoblastic leukemia receiving a reduced-intensity conditioning, and adding post-transplant cyclophosphamide to decrease the risk of GVHD.

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R. and The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center have an institutional financial conflict of interest with Takeda Pharmaceutical. . **Marin:** Affirmed: Patents & Royalties; **Takeda:** Patents & Royalties. **Qazilbash:** Bioline: Other: Advisory board; **Amgen:** Research Funding; **Janssen:** Research Funding; **Angiocrine:** Research Funding; **NexImmune:** Research Funding. **Srouf:** Orca Bio: Research Funding. **Kebriaei:** Pfizer: Consultancy, Honoraria; **Jazz:** Consultancy, Honoraria. **Shpall:** Affirmed: Other: License agreement; **Axio:** Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; **Takeda:** Other: License agreement; **Fibrobiologics:** Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; **Celaid Therapeutics:** Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; **Navan:** Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; **Adaptimmune:** Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; **Syena:** Other: License agreement. **Kantarjian:** Amgen (Inst): Research Funding; **Precision Biosciences:** Honoraria; **Shenzhen Target Rx:** Honoraria; **Taiho Pharmaceutical:** Honoraria; **Ascentage Pharma Group:** Honoraria; **KAHR Medical:** Honoraria; **Jazz Pharmaceuticals (Inst):** Honoraria, Research Funding; **Amgen:** Honoraria; **Bristol-Myers Squibb (Inst):** Research Funding; **Ascentage Pharma (Inst):** Research Funding; **Novartis (Inst):** Research Funding; **Abbvie (Inst):** Research Funding; **Ipsen:** Honoraria; **Astellas Pharma:** Honoraria; **AstraZeneca/MedImmune:** Honoraria; **Daiichih-Sankyo (Inst):** Honoraria, Research Funding; **Immunogen (Inst):** Honoraria, Research Funding; **Novartis:** Honoraria; **Pfizer:** Honoraria; **Abbvie:** Consultancy, Honoraria. **Champlin:** Johnson & Johnson/Janssen: Consultancy; **Actinium Pharmaceuticals:** Consultancy; **Omeros:** Consultancy; **Cell Source:** Research Funding; **Takeda Corporation:** Patents & Royalties; **Orca Bio:** Consultancy; **Arog:** Consultancy; **Kadmon:** Consultancy. **Jabbour:** Takeda: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; **Ascentage Pharma Group:** Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; **Bristol-Myers Squibb:** Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; **Pfizer:** Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; **Abbvie:** Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; **Adaptive Biotech:** Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; **Genentech:** Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; **Amgen:** Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; **Hikma Pharmaceuticals:** Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding.

OffLabel Disclosure: inotuzumab ozogamicin in allogeneic transplantation

Figure 1: PFS according to donor type after allo-SCT with InO-containing conditioning.

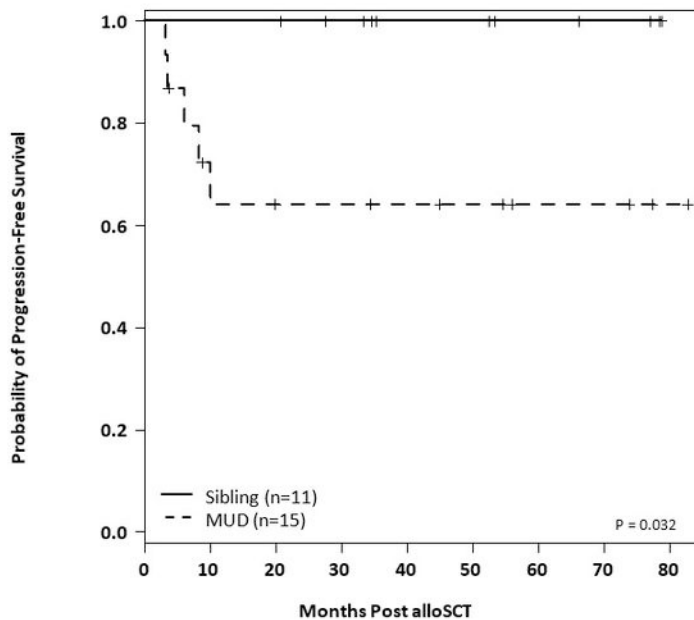


Figure 2: Patients with lymphoma who received InO+BFR tended to have a better PFS than those who received BFR alone.

Median follow-up InO group: 48.7 months (range, 3.6-82.8 months)

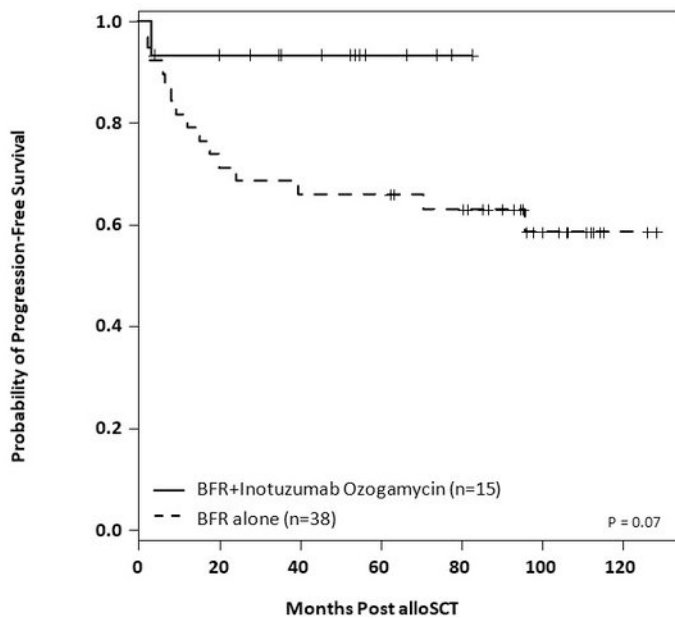


Figure 1

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